

MIX DESIGN



Concrete Mix Design

Wet Cast (Slump)





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Concrete Mix Design

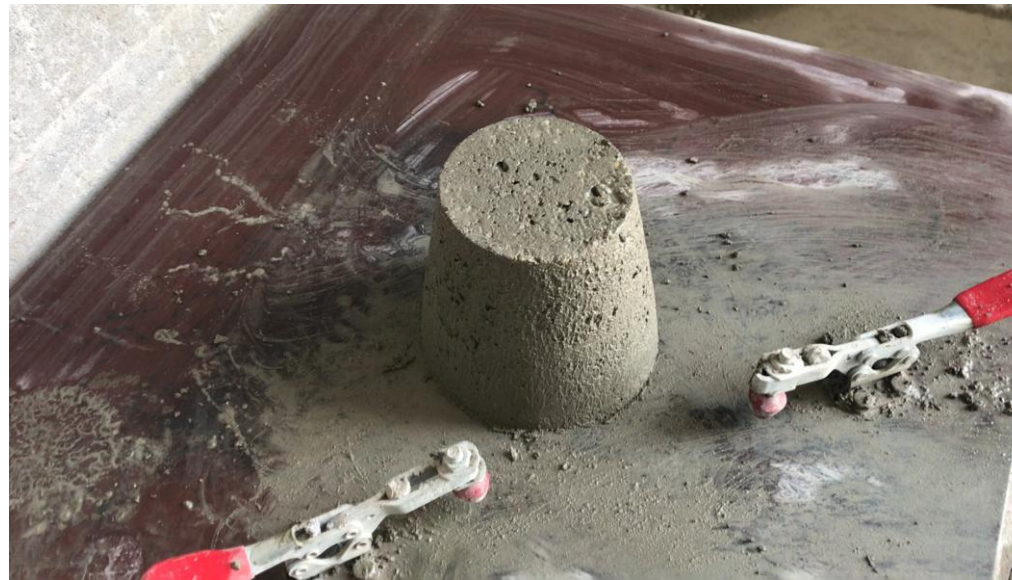
Dry Cast (no Slump)





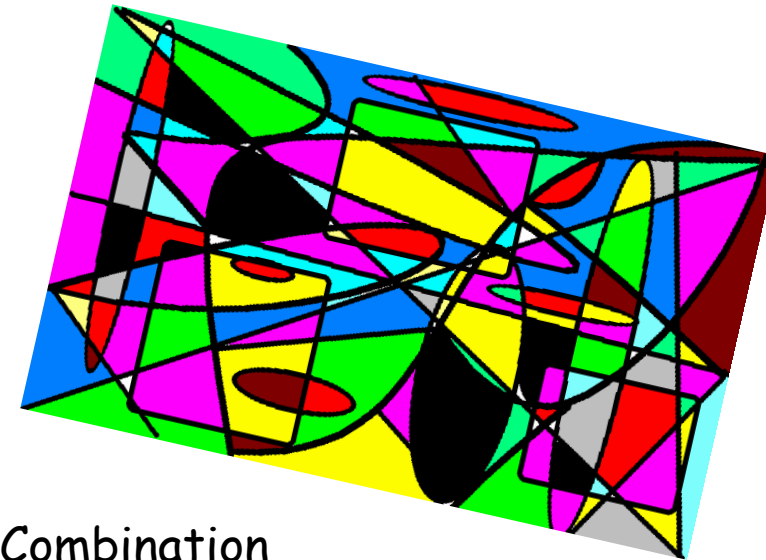
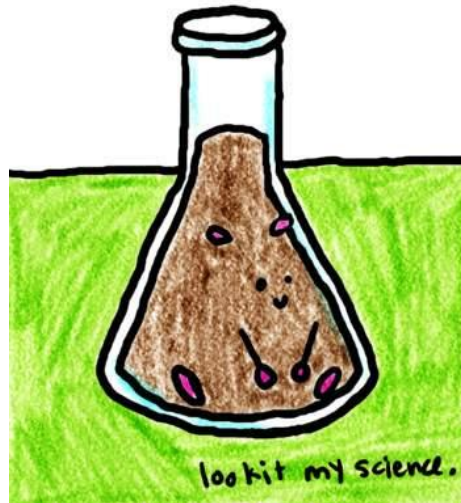
Concrete Mix Design

Dry Cast (no Slump)





Concrete Mix Design



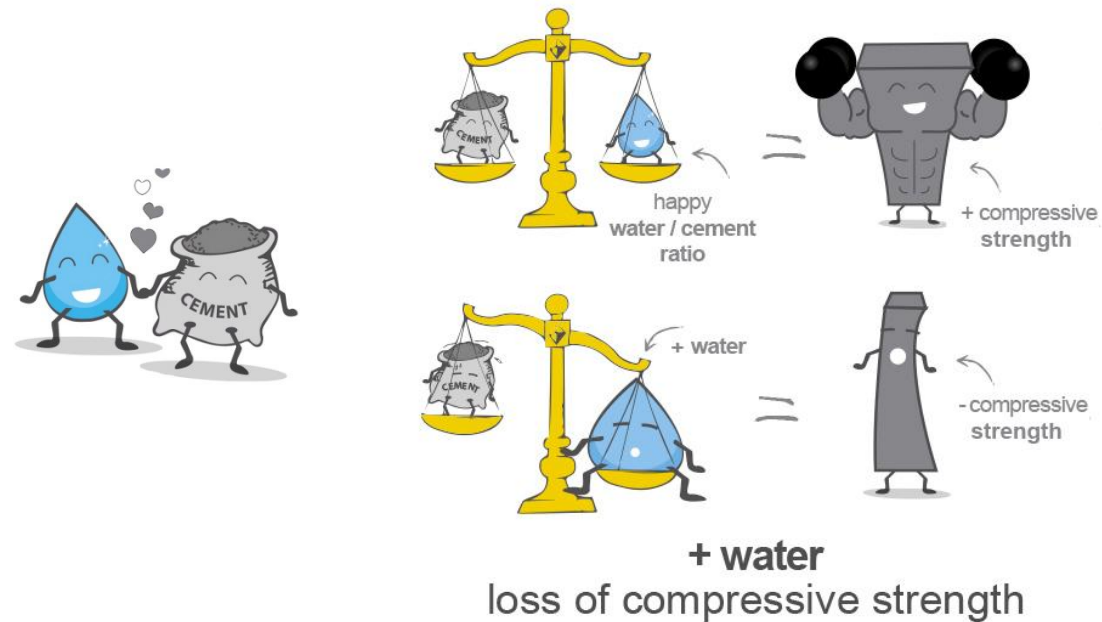
Combination
of Art and
Science...





Water, Cement, & Aggregate

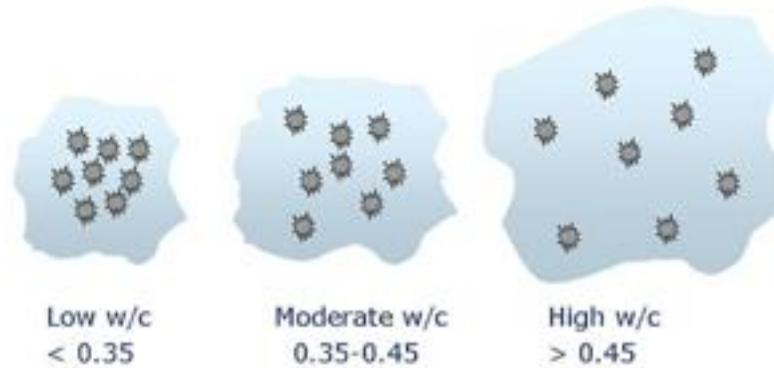
- As the water to cement ratio increases, the strength of a concrete mix decreases.





Water, Cement, & Aggregate

- As the water to cement ratio increases, the strength of a concrete mix decreases.





Water, Cement, & Aggregate

As the surface area of the aggregate increases more water will be needed to maintain a given slump.

- Coarser Surface Texture
- Particle Shape

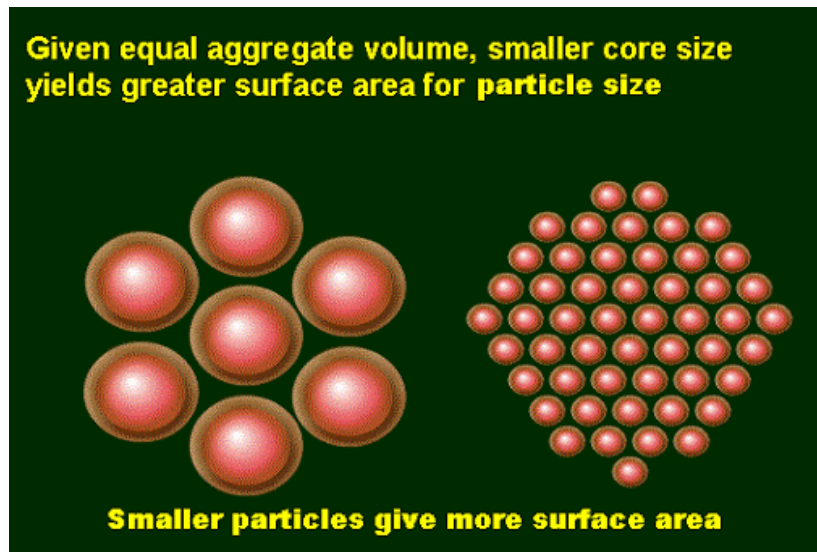




Water, Cement, & Aggregate

As the surface area of the aggregate increases more water will be needed to maintain a given slump.

- Particle Size Distribution





Water, Cement, & Aggregate

As the surface area of the aggregate increases more water will be needed to maintain a given slump.

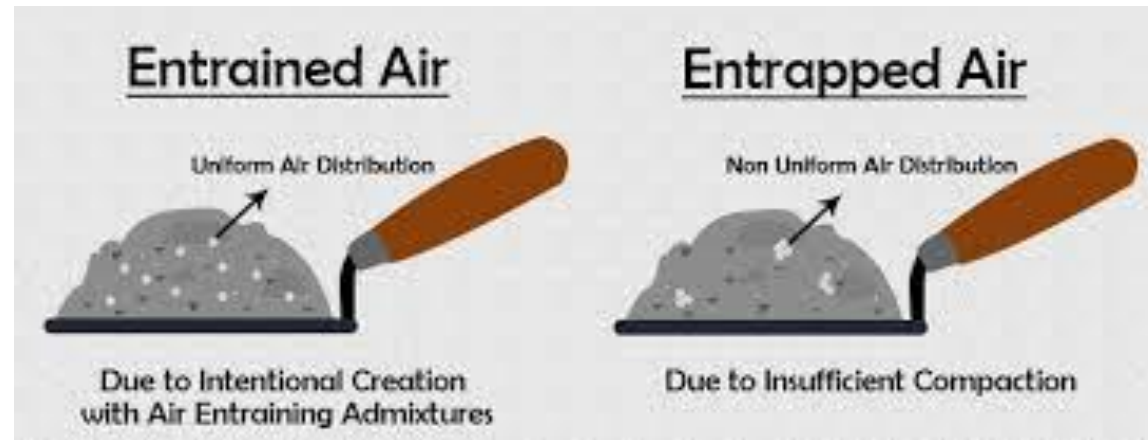
- Particle Size Distribution





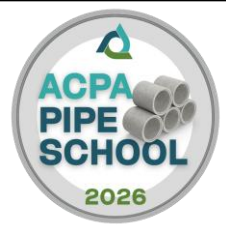
Water, Cement, & Aggregate

As the air content increases, the strength of the concrete decreases.





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Water, Cement, & Aggregate

As the air content increases, the strength of the concrete decreases.

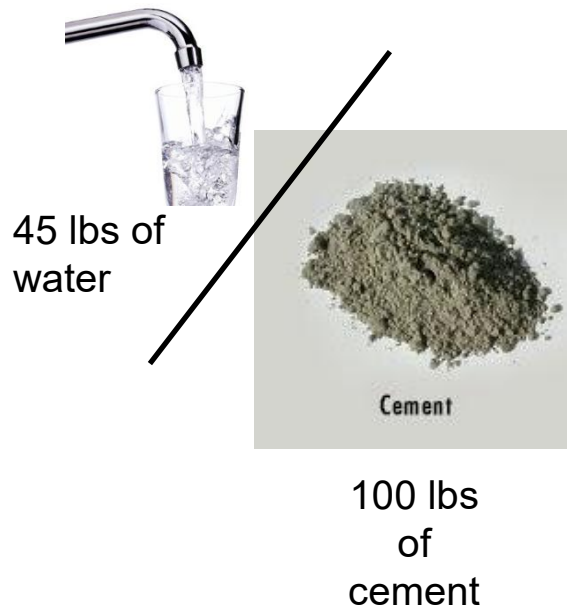




Water/Cement Ratio

It's a calculation:

w/c ~ lbs. of water / lbs. of cement



= Water cement ratio

= 45 lbs ÷ 100 lbs

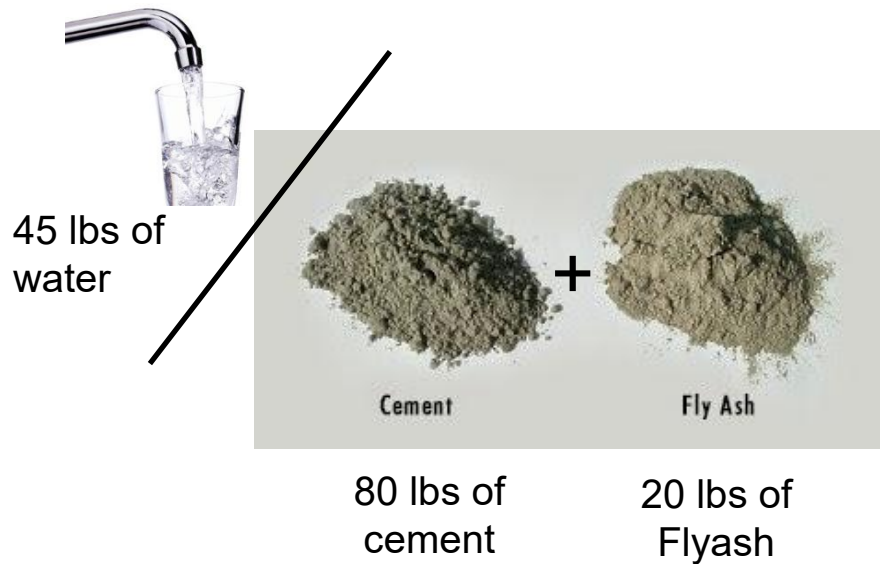
= 0.45 expressed as decimal



Water/Cementitious Ratio

It's a calculation:

$w/c_m \sim \text{lbs. of water} / \text{lbs. of cementitious}$



= Water cementitious ratio

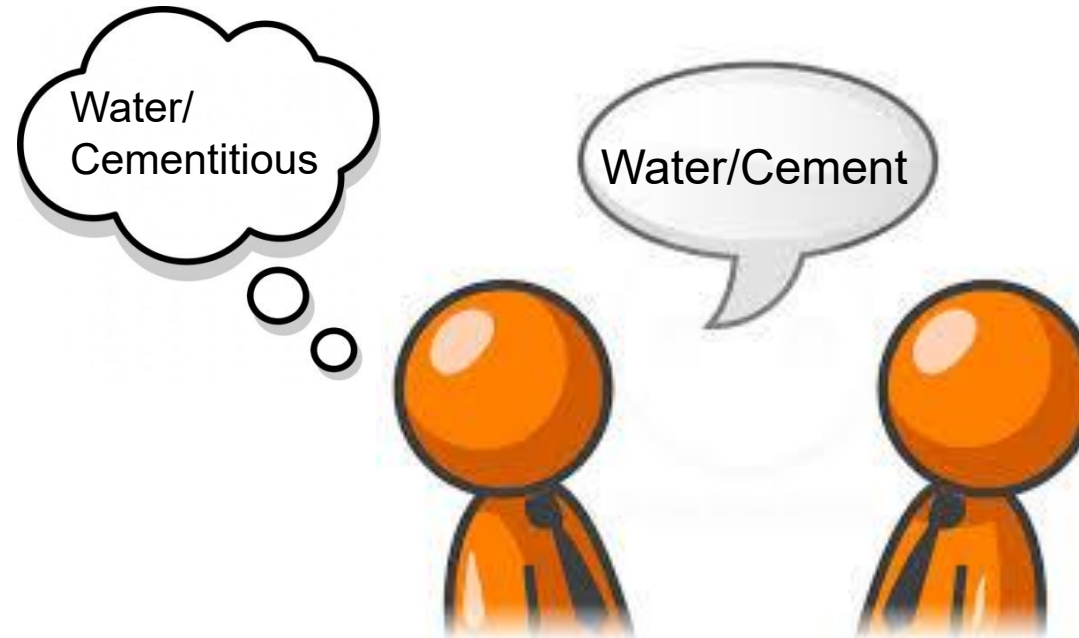
= 45 lbs ÷ (80lbs + 20 lbs)

= 0.45 expressed as decimal



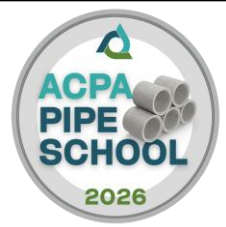
Water/Cementitious Ratio

Often when w/c is discussed its really w/c_m
that is intended as the reference





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Water/Cementitious Ratio

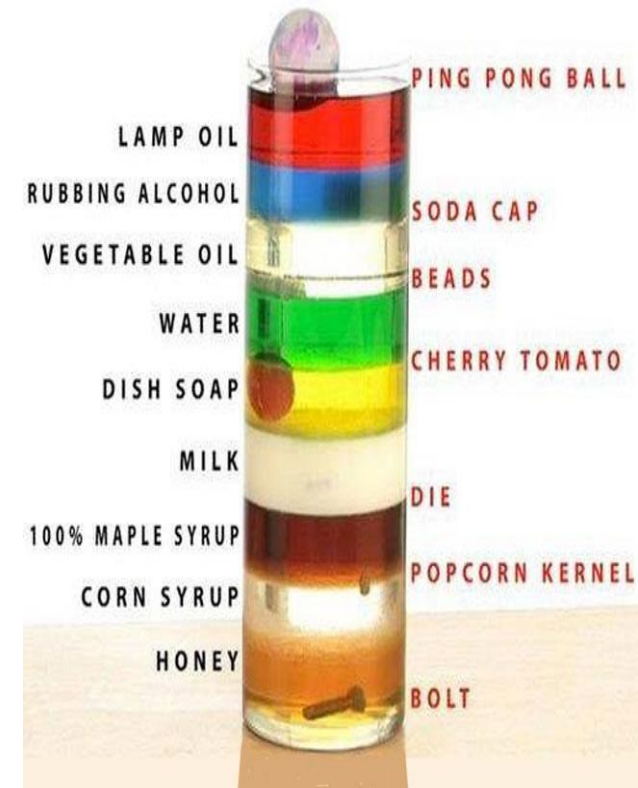
Water needs to be drinkable or meet ASTM 1602





Terminology

- Specific Gravity
 - The relative density of a material compared to water
 - The ratio of a material's weight to the weight of an equal volume of water





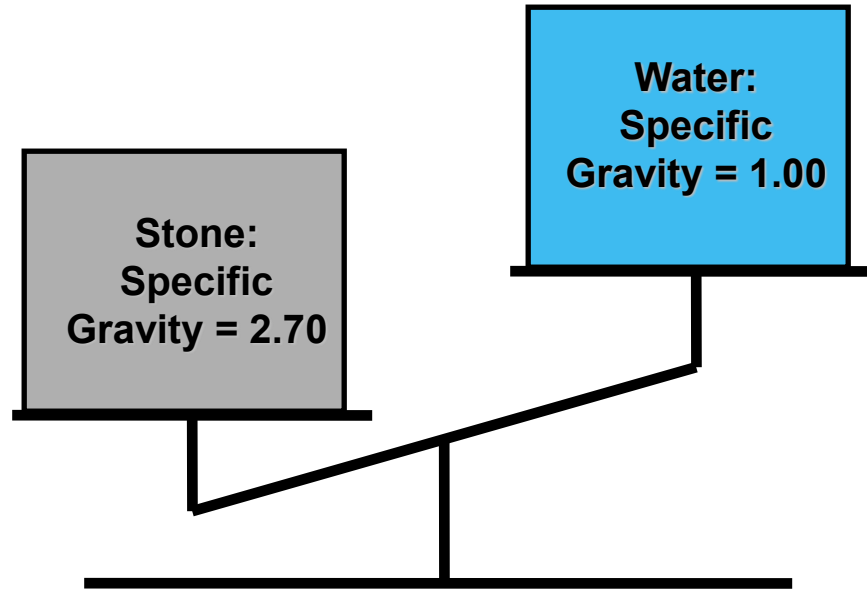
Specific Gravity

What about you?





Specific Gravity



Same Volume, but 2.70 Times More Mass

Cement – 3.15
Steel – 7.85
You - ???





Terminology

Bulk Specific Gravity (SSD):

- Used to determine the “solid volume” (absolute volume) of a material going into concrete
- It is determined by submerging the material in water for 24 hours in order to fill any permeable voids





Calculations for SSD Bulk Specific Gravity

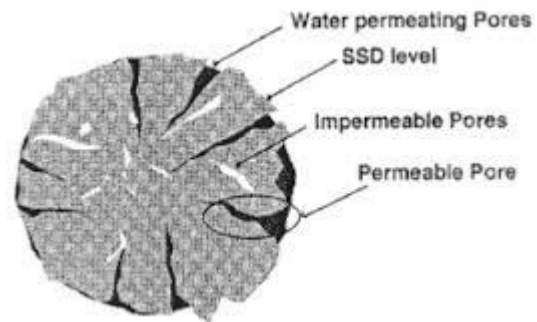
Coarse Aggregate Using Basket Suspended in water:

$$B / (B - C) = \text{SSD Bulk Specific Gravity}$$

where:

B = weight of SSD sample in air

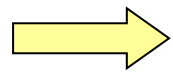
C = weight of SSD sample in water





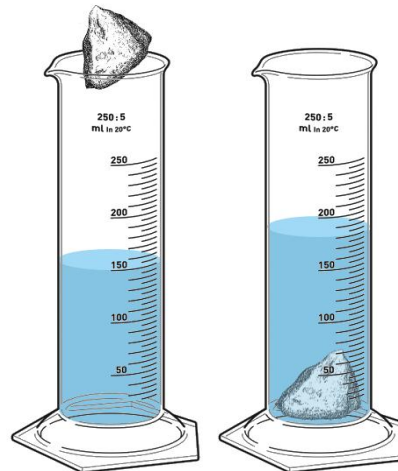
Calculations for SSD Bulk Specific Gravity

Field Calculation of SSD Bulk Specific Gravity:



Weight of Aggregate @ SSD
Weight of equal volume of water displaced = Specific Gravity

1245g of SSD aggregate
469.81g of water displaced = 2.65





Concrete Mix Design

It's always about volume!

What is absolute volume?





What is Absolute Volume?

- Relationship of Materials to Volume
 - specific gravity of Type I Cement = 3.15
 - specific gravity of water = 1.0
 - 1 gallon of water weights 8.33 pounds
 - water weights 62.4 pounds / cubic foot

$$\frac{\text{Pounds of Material}}{\text{S.G.} \times 62.4} = \text{Absolute Volume}$$





Basic Concrete Mix Design

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
			-
Total Cementious	667		
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.80
Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	300	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72





Basic Concrete Mix Design

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
Total Cementious	667		-
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.80
Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	300	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00

$$\frac{667}{3.15 \times 62.4}$$

$$\frac{1590}{2.60 \times 62.4}$$

$$\frac{1242}{2.65 \times 62.4}$$

w / cm

0.45

Unit Wt.

140.72





Basic Concrete Mix Design

$$\frac{\text{Lbs Material}}{\text{S.G.} \times 62.4} = \text{Absolute Volume}$$

$$\text{S.G.} \times 62.4 \times \text{Abs. Volume} = \text{Lbs. of Material}$$





Basic Concrete Mix Design

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
			-
Total Cementious	667		
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.80
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Water	300	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72

$$\frac{300}{1.0 \times 62.4}$$

$$0.055 \times 27$$





Basic Concrete Mix Design

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
			-
Total Cementious	667		
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.80
Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	36 Gal	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72

36 gal
 1.0 X 62.4





Basic Concrete Mix Design

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			-
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Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	36 Gal	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72

$$\frac{36 \text{ gal} \times 8.33 \text{ lbs/gal}}{1.0 \times 62.4}$$





Water/Cement Ratio = W/C

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
Total Cementious	667		-
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.58
Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	300	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72

Water / Cement

$$\frac{300}{667}$$

Weight (mass)





Density (Unit Weight)

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
Cement	667	3.15	3.39
Total Cementious	667		
Miller Stone	1590	2.6	9.80
Evert Sand	1242	2.65	7.51
Water	300	1	4.81
Air	5.5%		1.485
Total	3799		27.00
w / cm	0.45	Unit Wt.	140.72

Design (unit weight)
 $\frac{3799}{27.0}$



@ 1.5% air, unit weight (density) = 147.26





Mix Design with Cement & Fly Ash

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
			-
Cement	534	3.15	2.72
Fly Ash	133	2.45	0.87
Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone		2.60	0.00
Evert Sand		2.65	0.00
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	962		8.72

$$\frac{133 \text{ lbs. fly ash}}{667 \text{ Total lbs. Cm}} = 20\% \text{ ash}$$

w / cm **0.44** Unit Wt. 110.33
 Sand/Agg -

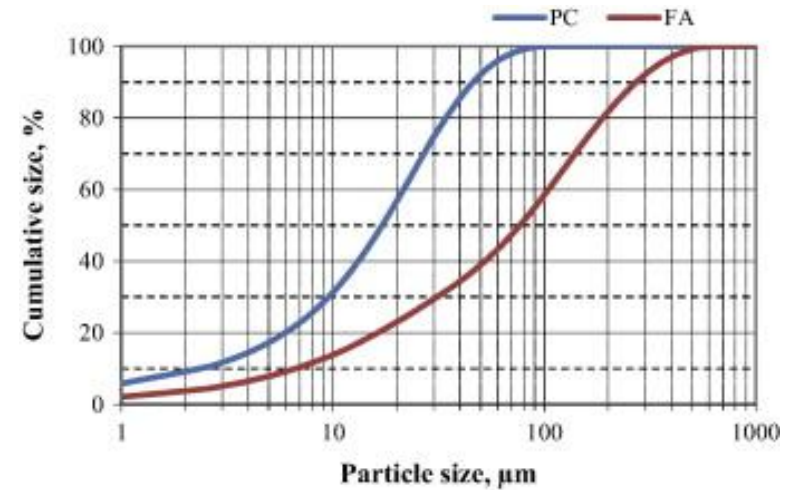
It's about volume!





Mix Design with Cement & Fly Ash

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
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Cement	534	3.15	2.72
Fly Ash	133	2.45	0.87
Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone		2.60	0.00
Evert Sand		2.65	0.00
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	962		8.72
w / cm	0.44	Unit Wt.	110.33
		Sand/Agg	-



Note: lower water demand due to fly ash - for same slump

It's about volume!





Mix Design with Cement & Fly Ash

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
			-
Cement	534	3.15	2.72
Fly Ash	133	2.45	0.87
Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone		2.60	0.00
Evert Sand		2.65	0.00
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	962		8.72

w / cm

0.44

Unit Wt.

110.33

Sand/Agg

-

Proportion the mix to yield 27 ft³ ... but how much sand, stone ... what ratio?

Sand / Aggregate ratio is by volume

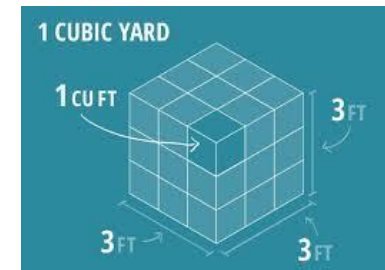
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Mix Design with Cement & Fly Ash

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Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone		2.60	0.00
Evert Sand		2.65	0.00
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	962		8.72
w / cm	0.44	Unit Wt.	110.33
		Sand/Agg	-



Volume without aggregate = 8.72

$$27.00 - 8.72 =$$

18.28 ft³ **required**

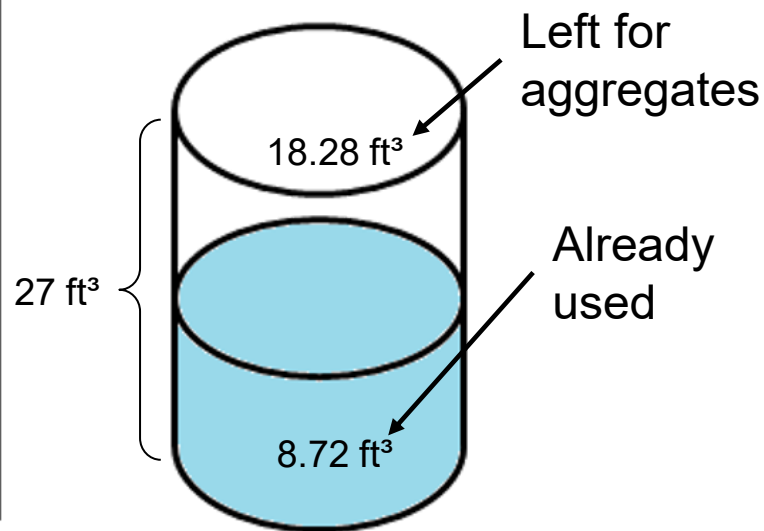
It's about volume!





Mix Design with Cement & Fly Ash

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Cement	534	3.15	2.72
Fly Ash	133	2.45	0.87
Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone		2.60	0.00
Evert Sand		2.65	0.00
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	962		8.72
w / cm	0.44	Unit Wt.	110.33
		Sand/Agg	-



$$18.28 \text{ ft}^3 + 8.72 \text{ ft}^3 = 27 \text{ ft}^3$$

It's about volume!



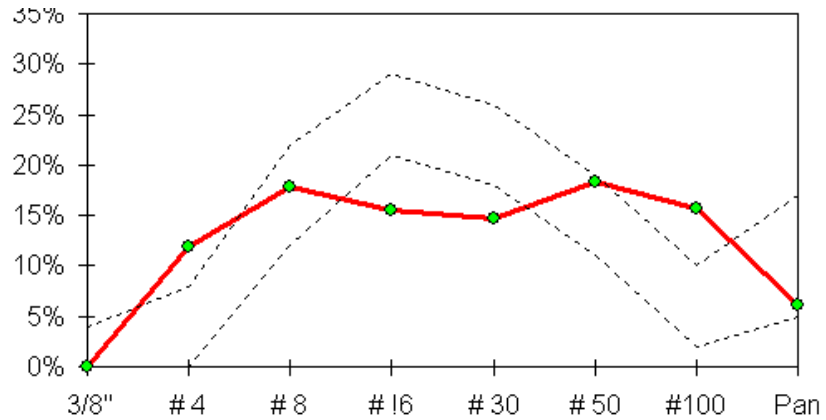


Sand to Aggregate Ratio

$$\frac{\text{Volume of Sand}}{\text{Volume of Total Aggregate}} =$$

Rules of thumb ?

- Manufactured Concrete Pipe
- 60-80% Packerhead Mix
- 45-65% Dry Cast





Calculating Sand & Stone to Yield 27ft³ of Concrete

Assume this concrete needs to have Sand / Aggregate ratio of 0.42

$$\frac{\text{Volume of Sand}}{\text{Total Volume of Aggregate}} = 0.42$$

$$\frac{\text{Volume of Sand}}{18.28} = 0.42$$

Volume of Sand = 7.68 ft³





Calculating *Pounds* of Sand

$$\frac{\text{Pounds of Material}}{\text{S.G.} \times 62.4} = \text{Absolute Volume}$$

$$\frac{\text{Pounds of Material (Sand)}}{2.65 \times 62.4} = 7.68 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\text{Sand} = 1270 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\text{Evert Sand S.G.} = 2.65$$





Calculating *Volume* of Stone

$$18.78 - 7.68 = 10.60 \text{ ft}^3$$

Total Aggregate Volume

Total Volume Left for Stone

Sand Volume





Calculating *Pounds* of Stone

$$\frac{\text{Pounds of Material}}{\text{S.G.} \times 62.4} = \text{Absolute Volume}$$

$$\frac{\text{Pounds of Material (stone)}}{2.60 \times 62.4} = 10.60 \text{ ft}^3$$

Stone = 1720 lbs

Miller Stone S.G. = 2.60





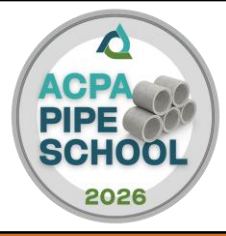
SSD Mix Design

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume
			-
Cement	534	3.15	2.72
Fly Ash	133	2.45	0.87
Total Cementitious	667		
Miller Stone	1720	2.60	10.60
Evert Sand	1270	2.65	7.68
Water	295	1.0	4.73
Air	1.5%		0.405
Total	3952		27.00
w / cm	0.44	Unit Wt.	146.36
		Sand/Agg	0.42





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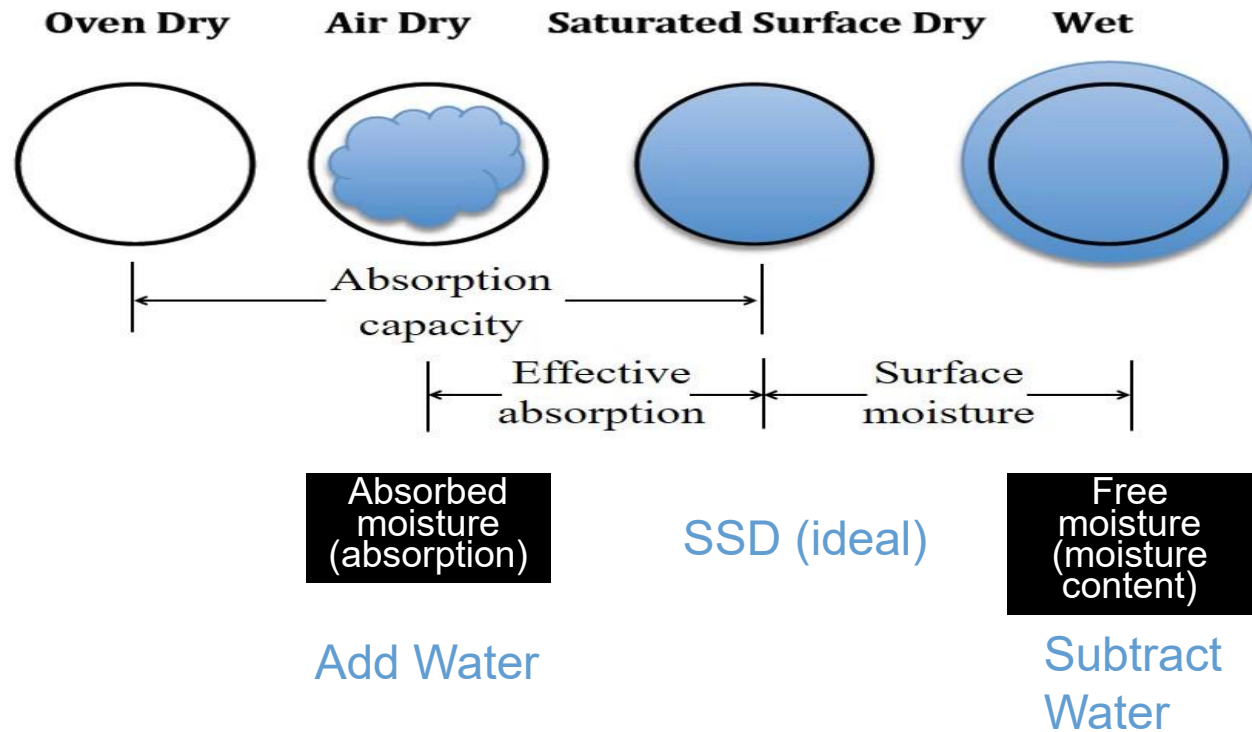


Aggregate Moisture





Aggregate Moisture

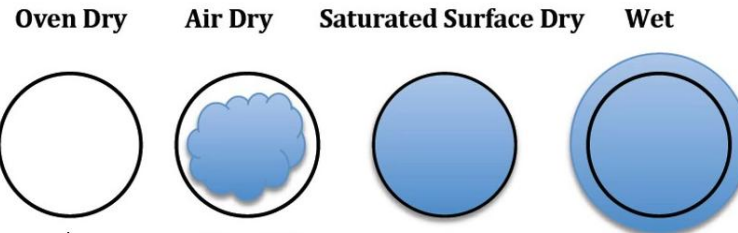




Moisture Adjustments

Moisture Management is Critical (How much free water)

Total aggregate moisture = Aggregate absorption + Free water

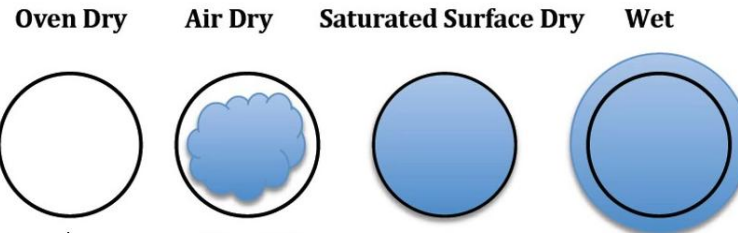




Moisture Adjustments

Moisture Management is Critical (How much free water)

Aggregate Absorption = Total aggregate moisture - Free water

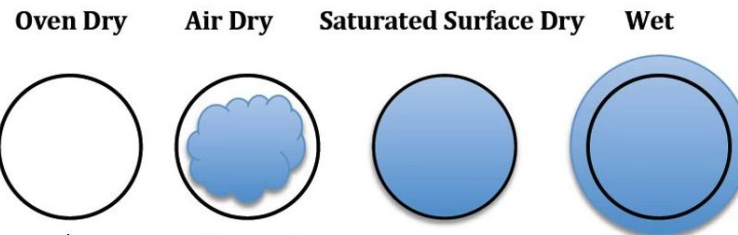




Moisture Adjustments

Moisture Management is Critical (How much free water)

Free Water = Total aggregate moisture - Aggregate absorption





Moisture Adjustments

What if we do not make moisture corrections





Moisture Adjustments

Moisture Management is Critical (How much free water)

Total aggregate moisture = aggregate absorption + free water

Stone 3.0% = 1.5% + free water, (% free water = 1.5%)

$0.015 \times 1720 = 26$ pounds of free water on the Stone

Sand 5.5% = 0.85% + free water, (% free water = 4.65%)

$0.0465 \times 1270 = 59$ pounds of free water on the Sand





Moisture Adjustments

Moisture Management is Critical (How much free water)

Total aggregate moisture = aggregate absorption + free water

	Total Moisture %	Absorption %	Free %	Moisture Adjustment
Miller Stone	3.00	1.50	1.50	26
Evert Sand	5.50	0.85	4.65	59





Water Adjustment

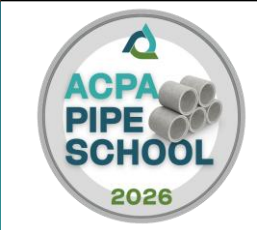
If 26 + 59 pounds of water rides in on the aggregates
you must take that amount of water out of the BATCH water.

Design water	295
Water on aggregates	-85
<hr/>	
Batch water	210





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Moisture Adjustment

Total moisture = Free moisture + Aggregate absorption

Materials	Pounds of material	S.G.	Abs Volume	SSD	Moisture Adjustment	Batch Weight yard
Cement	534	3.15	2.72	534		534
Type F ash	133	2.45	0.87	133		133
Miller Stone	1720	2.6	10.60	1720	26	1746
Evert Sand	1270	2.65	7.68	1270	59	1329
Water	295	1.0	4.73	295	-85	210
Air	1.5%		0.405	1.5%		
Total	3952		27.00	3952		3952
Density	146.4					146.4

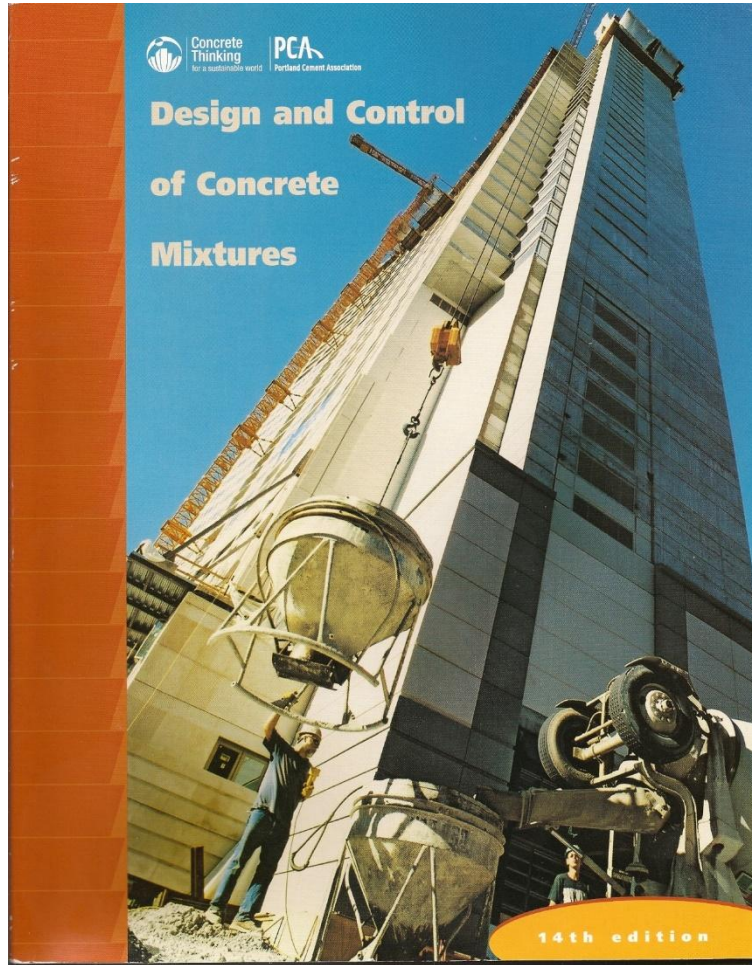
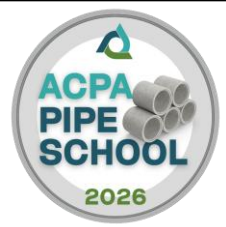
	Total Moisture %	Absorption %	Free %	Moisture Adjustment
Miller Stone	3.00	1.50	1.50	26
Evert Sand	5.50	0.85	4.65	59

SSD & batch totals will be the same





Quality School



Where Can I Get This?

- Portland Cement Association (PCA)
5420 Old Orchard Road
Skokie, IL 60077-1083

847 966-6700 PH
847 966-8389 FX
Info @ cement.org

